2nd Groupings of Amendments for Stage 2

This document provides procedural information which will assist in preparing for and following proceedings on the above Bill. The information provided is as follows:

- the list of groupings (that is, the order in which amendments will be debated). Any procedural points relevant to each group are noted;
- a list of any amendments already debated;
- the text of amendments to be debated on the second day of Stage 2 consideration, set out in the order in which they will be debated. THIS LIST DOES NOT REPLACE THE MARSHALLED LIST, WHICH SETS OUT THE AMENDMENTS IN THE ORDER IN WHICH THEY WILL BE DISPOSED OF.

Groupings of amendments

Minor and technical

93, 104

Notes on amendments in this group
Amendment 93 pre-empts amendments 54 and 55 in group "Part 1 terminology: relevant person" (debated on Day 1)

SSI procedure

101

Supervised release orders

103

Enforcement of fines etc.

1, 102

Part 2: regulations for treating certain convictions as spent etc.

105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110

Part 3: miscellaneous as to Parole Board

111, 112, 113, 124, 125, 126, 127

Timing of release of prisoners

114

Home detention curfew: eligibility and operation

115, 118, 119, 120

Parole Board decisions: impact on prisoner's family

135

Return to prison of person whose licence is revoked

116, 117

Parole Board: test for release and summary of recommendations

128

Parole Board: provision of assistance at a hearing

79

Persons unlawfully at large

121, 122, 122A, 122B, 122C, 122D, 123

Preparing prisoner for release

64, 65, 66, 67, 129

FAI where death caused by person subject to a curfew condition

71, 71A, 72

Assessment of risk posed by offenders

75, 134

Home detention curfew: evaluation etc.

130

Restriction of liberty orders

133

Commencement provisions

76, 76A, 80

Amendments already debated

Part 1 terminology: relevant person

With 2 - 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 68, 69, 70

Notes on amendments in this group

Amendments 54 and 55 are pre-empted by amendment 93 in group "Minor and technical"

Amendment 58 is pre-empted by amendment 95 in group "Details in relation to monitoring" (debated on Day 1)

Amendment 59 is pre-empted by amendment 99 in group "Details in relation to monitoring" (debated on Day 1)

Deemed breach of disposal or conditions

With 73 - 132

Details in relation to monitoring

With 84 - 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100

Notes on amendments in this group

Amendment 95 pre-empts amendment 58 in group "Part 1 terminology: relevant person" (debated on Day 1)

Amendment 99 pre-empts amendment 59 in group "Part 1 terminology: relevant person" (debated on Day 1)

Amendments in debating order

Minor and technical

Humza Yousaf

93 In section 13, page 8, line 1, leave out subsection (6)

Humza Yousaf

104 In schedule 1, page 33, leave out lines 30 and 31

SSI procedure

Humza Yousaf

- 101 In section 15, page 9, line 11, after <Part> insert—
 - <() if enabled by section 9(1), are subject to the affirmative procedure,
 - () otherwise,>

Supervised release orders

Humza Yousaf

- 103 In schedule 1, page 31, line 6, at end insert—
 - <(1) The Criminal Procedure (Scotland) Act 1995 is amended as follows.
 - (2) In section 209, after subsection (7A) there is inserted—
 - "(7B) A supervised release order made in relation to a person is to be taken to be of no effect if the person becomes a long-term prisoner, as defined in section 27(1) of the Prisoners and Criminal Proceedings (Scotland) Act 1993 Act, because of the treating of—
 - (a) a sentence in association with which the order is made, and
 - (b) any other sentence (whenever imposed on the person),

together as a single term by virtue of section 27(5) of that Act.".>

Enforcement of fines etc.

Lewis Macdonald

1 After section 16, insert—

<Part

ENFORCEMENT OF FINES ETC.: DECLARATION OF INCOME FORM

Declaration of income form

Declaration of income form

- (1) The Criminal Procedure (Scotland) Act 1995 is amended as follows.
- (2) After section 226A, there is inserted—

"226AA Declaration of income form

- (1) The court may, for the purpose mentioned in subsection (2), make an order requiring a person who has received a relevant penalty to complete a declaration of income form.
- (2) The purpose of a declaration of income form is to obtain information on the financial means of a person who has received but not paid a relevant penalty.
- (3) For the purposes of this section, a declaration of income form is a form issued by or on behalf of the court to a person who has received a relevant penalty which requires that person to provide in writing—
 - (a) the person's name,
 - (b) the person's date of birth,
 - (c) the person's home address and telephone number,
 - (d) information about the person's income,
 - (e) information about the person's expenditure,
 - (f) information about the person's accommodation and living circumstances,
 - (g) information about any vehicles owned by the person,
 - (h) the person's bank details,
 - (i) any other information as the court may specify on the form.
- (4) It is an offence—
 - (a) knowingly to provide false information on a declaration of income form,
 - (b) not to comply with an order made under subsection (1).
- (5) A person guilty of an offence under subsection (4) is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 3 on the standard scale.
- (6) For the avoidance of doubt, reference in subsection (3) to "a form issued by or on behalf of the court" includes a declaration of income form issued by—
 - (a) a FEO,
 - (b) the clerk of court.
 - (c) the Crown Office and Procurator Fiscal Service.

- (7) The Scottish Ministers may by regulations make further provision for the purposes of and in connection with this section.
- (8) Regulations under subsection (7) above are to be made by statutory instrument subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of the Scottish Parliament.".>

Lewis Macdonald

102 After section 16, insert—

<PART

DEDUCTION FROM BENEFITS

Deduction from benefits

Deduction from benefits

- (1) The Criminal Procedure (Scotland) Act 1995 is amended as follows.
- (2) For section 226E, there is substituted—

"226E Deduction from benefits

- (1) Without prejudice to the generality of section 226B, when making an enforcement order under that section, the court may make an application under regulations made under section 24(1)(a) of the Criminal Justice Act 1991 (c.53) for deductions as described in that section.
 - (2) Where a relevant penalty has not been paid in accordance with an enforcement order, a FEO may request the relevant court to make an application under regulations made under section 24(1)(a) of the Criminal Justice Act 1991 (c.53) for deductions as described in that section.".>

Part 2: regulations for treating certain convictions as spent etc.

Humza Yousaf

105 After section 32, insert—

<Applications for certain convictions to be treated as spent</p>

Excluded sentences: applications for convictions to be treated as spent

- (1) The Scottish Ministers may make regulations for or in connection with the purpose mentioned in subsection (2).
- (2) The purpose is allowing a person on whom a relevant sentence was imposed in respect of a conviction to apply (both)—
 - (a) to be treated as a protected person in respect of the conviction for the purposes of the 1974 Act, and
 - (b) for the conviction to be treated as spent for the purposes of the 1974 Act.
- (3) A relevant sentence is—
 - (a) a sentence mentioned in section 5(1)(b) or (da) of the 1974 Act, or
 - (b) a sentence imposed by a court outwith Scotland which, by virtue of section 5(2F)(d) of the 1974 Act, falls to be treated as such a sentence.

- (4) The regulations must contain provision—
 - (a) for—
 - (i) an application to be made to a specified reviewer, and
 - (ii) the application to be determined by the specified reviewer,
 - (b) excluding someone who is, for whatever reason, subject to notification requirements under Part 2 of the Sexual Offences Act 2003 from making an application,
 - (c) preventing an application from being made until the expiry of the appropriate period, and
 - (d) setting, or for ascertaining, the relevant date.
- (5) In subsection (4)—
 - (a) in paragraph (c), "the appropriate period" is—
 - (i) in the case of an applicant who was 18 years of age or older on the date of the conviction to which the application relates, the term of the sentence imposed in respect of the conviction plus 6 years,
 - (ii) in the case of an applicant who was under 18 years of age on the date of the conviction to which the application relates, the term of the sentence imposed in respect of the conviction plus 3 years,
 - (b) in paragraph (d), "the relevant date" is the date from which (both)—
 - (i) an applicant's conviction is to be treated as spent, and
 - (ii) the applicant is to be treated as a protected person.
- (6) In this section and section (Regulations under section (Excluded sentences: applications for convictions to be treated as spent): general details), the references to—
 - (a) a protected person, or
 - (b) a conviction being treated as spent,

are to be construed in accordance with the 1974 Act.>

Humza Yousaf

- 106 After section 32, insert—
 - <Regulations under section (Excluded sentences: applications for convictions to be treated as spent): general details</p>
 - (1) Regulations under section (Excluded sentences: applications for convictions to be treated as spent) may contain provision about (in particular)—
 - (a) the process for applications, including as to—
 - (i) the way of applying,
 - (ii) information to be supplied by applicants,
 - (b) eligibility to make applications, including exceptions and exclusions,
 - (c) fees payable in connection with applications,
 - (d) the functions of the specified reviewer concerning applications, including as to—
 - (i) giving notifications,

- (ii) obtaining information,
- (e) the procedure for determining applications, including matters—
 - (i) to which the specified reviewer is to have regard,
 - (ii) which the specified reviewer is to take particularly into account,
- (f) the types of determinations to be available in respect of applications, and the functions of the specified reviewer concerning determinations,
- (g) the issuing of, and making of requests for, reasons for determinations,
- (h) notifications of determinations,
- (i) time limits in relation to—
 - (i) notifications of applications and determinations,
 - (ii) supplying information in connection with applications,
- (j) second or subsequent applications relating to the same conviction, including setting a period that must expire before such applications may be made,
- (k) reconsideration, or consideration afresh, of determinations,
- (l) reports to be produced by the specified reviewer, or guidance to be given to the reviewer by the Scottish Ministers, on the exercise of the reviewer's functions concerning applications and determinations,
- (m) appeals against determinations, including—
 - (i) entitlement to appeal,
 - (ii) grounds, time limits and procedure for appeal,
- (n) the legal effect of determinations, arrived at initially or on appeal, including the result that (both)—
 - (i) a person is to be treated as a protected person, and
 - (ii) a conviction is to be treated as spent.
- (2) In relation to a conviction that is, by virtue of the operation of regulations made under section (*Excluded sentences: applications for convictions to be treated as spent*), to be treated as a spent conviction, provision which may be made about the legal effect of determinations extends to (any of)—
 - (a) provision that the conviction is to be, or is not to be, treated as a protected conviction within the meaning of—
 - (i) section 126ZA of the Police Act 1997,
 - (ii) section 57A of the Protection of Vulnerable Groups (Scotland) Act 2007, or
 - (iii) article 2A of the Rehabilitation of Offenders Act 1974 (Exclusions and Exceptions) (Scotland) Order 2013 (S.S.I. 2013/50),
 - (b) provision as to the time from which the conviction is to be, or before which the conviction is not to be, treated as a protected conviction, and
 - (c) provision that the conviction is to be treated as if it were a conviction for an offence of a particular kind prescribed in the provision.

(3) In this section and section (Excluded sentences: applications for convictions to be treated as spent), "the specified reviewer" means whoever is specified as such in regulations made under section (Excluded sentences: applications for convictions to be treated as spent).>

Humza Yousaf

- 107 After section 32, insert—
 - < Regulations under section (Excluded sentences: applications for convictions to be treated as spent): appropriate period

The Scottish Ministers may by regulations modify section (Excluded sentences: applications for convictions to be treated as spent)(5)(a) by amending—

- (a) an age stated in sub-paragraph (i) or (ii),
- (b) a number of years stated in sub-paragraph (i) or (ii).>

Humza Yousaf

- 108 After section 32, insert—
 - <Regulations under sections (Excluded sentences: applications for convictions to be treated as spent) and (Regulations under section (Excluded sentences: applications for convictions to be treated as spent): appropriate period): procedure etc.</p>
 - (1) Regulations under section (Excluded sentences: applications for convictions to be treated as spent) may—
 - (a) modify any enactment (including the 1974 Act),
 - (b) make different provision for different purposes.
 - (2) Regulations under sections (Excluded sentences: applications for convictions to be treated as spent) and (Regulations under section (Excluded sentences: applications for convictions to be treated as spent): appropriate period are subject to the affirmative procedure.>

Humza Yousaf

109 In schedule 2, page 34, line 29, leave out from <which> to end of line 31 and insert section 5(1).".>

Humza Yousaf

- 110 In schedule 2, page 35, line 31, after < subsection (1)(d)> insert <—
 - () for the words "or other penalty" there is substituted "requirement, restriction or other way of regulating the person's behaviour",

()>

Part 3: miscellaneous as to Parole Board

Humza Yousaf

In section 37, page 25, line 19, leave out <the end> and insert <"is">

Humza Yousaf

- 112 In section 38, page 26, line 12, at end insert—
 - <() The instrument of appointment of the member may be annotated or reissued so as to show that the member is reappointed under sub-paragraph (1).>

Humza Yousaf

In section 38, page 26, line 20, leave out <meaning> and insert <including>

Humza Yousaf

Move section 44 to before section 36

Humza Yousaf

Move section 45 to before section 36

Humza Yousaf

126 Before section 46, insert—

< CHAPTER

MISCELLANEOUS

Amendment of oversight provisions

- (1) The Public Appointments and Public Bodies etc. (Scotland) Act 2003 is amended as follows.
- (2) In schedule 2, the entry relating to the Parole Board for Scotland is repealed.
- (3) The Judiciary and Courts (Scotland) Act 2008 is amended as follows.
- (4) In section 10, after paragraph (fzb) of subsection (1) there is inserted—
 - "(fzc) the office of member of the Parole Board for Scotland (including the chairperson of the Parole Board),".>

Humza Yousaf

In the long title, page 1, line 3, leave out from <relating> to end of line 4 and insert <concerning particular aspects of the system governing parole of offenders.>

Timing of release of prisoners

Humza Yousaf

114 Before section 40, insert—

< CHAPTER

RULES AS TO PRISONERS

Provisions regarding parole

Release timed to benefit re-integration

(1) The 1993 Act is amended as follows.

(2) In section 26C, in subsection (3), for the word "days" there is substituted "working days (that is, days other than a Saturday or Sunday or a public holiday as described in section 27(8))".>

Home detention curfew: eligibility and operation

Humza Yousaf

115 Before section 40, insert—

< Restriction on use of curfew condition

- (1) The 1993 Act is amended as follows.
- (2) In section 3AA, paragraph (b) of subsection (1) is repealed (as is the word "or" immediately preceding that paragraph).>

Humza Yousaf

- 118 In section 42, page 28, line 4, at end insert—
 - <() In section 17A, for subsection (1) there is substituted—
 - "(1) Where a prisoner has been released on licence under section 3AA, the Scottish Ministers may revoke the licence and recall the person to prison if in their opinion the revocation and recall are expedient in the public interest.".>

Humza Yousaf

- 119 In section 42, page 28, line 9, at end insert—
 - <() In section 17A—
 - (a) subsection (5) is repealed,
 - (b) after subsection (5) there is inserted—
 - "(5A) Despite the cancellation of the revocation of a person's licence by virtue of subsection (4), the person's recall to prison remains effective.
 - (5B) Where a person's recall to prison remains effective under subsection (5A), the Scottish Ministers must consider whether the person should again be released under section 3AA.".>

Humza Yousaf

120 Move section 42 to before section 40

Parole Board decisions: impact on prisoner's family

Mary Fee

135 After section 40, insert—

<Parole Board decisions: consideration of impact on prisoner's family</p>

(1) The 1993 Act is amended as follows.

(2) After section 1 there is inserted—

"1ZAA Parole Board decisions: consideration of impact on prisoner's family

- (1) Before making a recommendation under section 1, including any recommendation as to conditions to be included on release, the Parole Board must assess and take into account the likely impact of its decision—
 - (a) on the prisoner's family,
 - (b) on the ability of the prisoner to reintegrate with the prisoner's family.".>

Return to prison of person whose licence is revoked

Humza Yousaf

- 116 In section 41, page 27, line 38, at end insert—
 - <() In subsection (3)(b) of section 10A, the word "immediately" is repealed.>

Humza Yousaf

- 117 In section 41, page 27, line 39, after <17> insert—
 - <() in subsection (2), for the words "revocation of a person's licence" there is substituted "return to prison of a person whose licence is revoked",

()>

Parole Board: test for release and summary of recommendations

Daniel Johnson

128 After section 41, insert—

<Publication by Parole Board of test for release and summary of recommendations</p>

- (1) The 1993 Act is amended as follows.
- (2) In section 1, after subsection (3A) there is inserted—
 - "(3B) The Parole Board is to publish, in such form and manner as it considers appropriate—
 - (a) the tests or factors that it will take into account before making a recommendation under subsection (3),
 - (b) a summary, with such modifications and redactions as it considers appropriate, of its recommendations under subsection (3).".>

Parole Board: provision of assistance at a hearing

Gordon Lindhurst

79 After section 42, insert—

<Provision of assistance to a prisoner whose case the Board is considering</p>

- (1) The 1993 Act is amended as follows.
- (2) In section 20, after subsection (4A), there is inserted—
 - "(4B) The Board must make provision with respect to its proceedings—
 - (a) to ensure that a prisoner whose case the Board is considering understands the relevant matters being discussed at a hearing,
 - (b) to ensure that a prisoner whose case the Board is considering is supplied with material appropriate to the prisoner's needs (and in a form that is appropriate to those needs and permanent) from which the prisoner may refresh the prisoner's understanding of those matters,
 - (c) to ensure that a prisoner whose case the Board is considering has the opportunity of making use of any independent advocacy services to which the prisoner may be entitled, and
 - (d) for or in connection with the circumstances in which a curator *ad litem* may be appointed.".>

Persons unlawfully at large

Humza Yousaf

121 After section 43, insert—

<Temporary release on licence under prison rules

- (1) The Prisons (Scotland) Act 1989 is amended as follows.
- (2) In subsection (6) of section 39, after the word "release" there is inserted "on licence".>

Humza Yousaf

122 After section 43, insert—

<Persons unlawfully at large

Offence of remaining unlawfully at large

- (1) The Prisons (Scotland) Act 1989 is amended as follows.
- (2) After section 32 there is inserted—

"Remaining unlawfully at large

32A Offence where unlawfully at large

- (1) A person commits an offence if, having been deemed to be unlawfully at large by virtue of—
 - (a) section 17(5) or 17A(6) of the Prisoners and Criminal Proceedings (Scotland) Act 1993,

- (b) section 28(7) of this Act, or
- (c) section 40(4) of this Act,

the person remains unlawfully at large.

- (2) A person who commits an offence under subsection (1) is liable—
 - (a) on summary conviction, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 12 months or a fine not exceeding the statutory maximum (or both),
 - (b) on conviction on indictment, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 2 years or a fine (or both).

32B Certification of being unlawfully at large

- (1) Subsections (2) and (3) relate to proceedings for an offence under section 32A(1).
- (2) A qualifying document is sufficient evidence of the fact that a person has been deemed to be unlawfully at large by virtue of a particular section mentioned in section 32A(1).
- (3) A document is a qualifying document if it—
 - (a) certifies with respect to the person, by reference to the particular section mentioned in section 32A(1)—
 - (i) the matter of being deemed to be unlawfully at large, and
 - (ii) the date from which the deeming took effect, and
 - (b) bears to be signed and dated by or on behalf of the Scottish Ministers.

32C Meaning of remaining unlawfully at large

- (1) Section 32A(1) is to be construed as provided for in (as applicable)—
 - (a) subsection (2), or
 - (b) subsection (3) (as read with subsections (4) to (7)).
- (2) In a case of a person to whom section 32A(1)(c) relates, the person remains unlawfully at large if the person—
 - (a) has been, orally or in writing—
 - (i) informed of the period of temporary release that is the subject of the person's licence, and
 - (ii) warned of the requirement to return to prison after the expiry of the period and of the offence and punishment available for failing to do so, and
 - (b) without reasonable excuse, fails to take all necessary steps in order to return to prison as soon as possible after the period of temporary release expires.
- (3) In a case of a person to whom section 32A(1)(a), (b) or (c) relates, the person remains unlawfully at large if the person—
 - (a) is given notification of the matter of being deemed to be unlawfully at large, and

- (b) without reasonable excuse, fails to take all necessary steps in order to return to prison as soon as possible after notification of the matter is given to the person.
- (4) Notification of the matter to a person is to, as far as practicable—
 - (a) state the date from which the matter has arisen,
 - (b) state that the person has been recalled to prison (and record the reason for recall), and
 - (c) state—
 - (i) that the person must take all necessary steps in order to return to prison at the relevant time (as described in accompanying words), and
 - (ii) that prosecution for an offence punishable by imprisonment or a fine (or both) could result if the person fails to do so.
- (5) Notification of the matter is given to a person where the person—
 - (a) is actually notified of the matter orally or in writing, or
 - (b) is to be regarded as notified of the matter.
- (6) A person is to be regarded as notified of the matter if—
 - (a) written notice of the matter—
 - (i) is sent or delivered to an appropriate address,
 - (ii) prescribes a specific period for the purposes of this subsection, and
 - (iii) bears to be signed and dated by or on behalf of the Scottish Ministers, and
 - (b) the specific period so prescribed in the notice expires.
- (7) An appropriate address is—
 - (a) an address at which the person is, in accordance with the person's licence, permitted to reside or stay, or
 - (b) an address nominated, in accordance with the person's licence, for the purposes of this section.

32D Definition of associated expressions

- (1) This section defines certain expressions used in section 32C.
- (2) A reference to a licence is to a licence under which a person is released from prison under the licence provisions.
- (3) A reference to prison is to such prison or other institution from which a person can be released on licence under the licence provisions.
- (4) Here, the licence provisions are—
 - (a) section 22 of this Act,
 - (b) rules for temporary release made under section 39 of this Act, or
 - (c) Part 1 of the Prisoners and Criminal Proceedings (Scotland) Act 1993.".>

Daniel Johnson

122A As an amendment to amendment 122, line 15, at beginning insert < Subject to subsection (3),>

Daniel Johnson

122B As an amendment to amendment 122, line 17, leave out from first <or> to <both)>

Daniel Johnson

122C As an amendment to amendment 122, line 19, leave out <or a fine (or both)>

Daniel Johnson

- **122D** As an amendment to amendment 122, line 19, at end insert—
 - <(3) Where a person who commits an offence under subsection (1) is sentenced to a term of imprisonment, the person must serve—
 - (a) the term determined in accordance with subsection (2), and
 - (b) an additional term equivalent to the length of time that the person was deemed to be unlawfully at large.>

Humza Yousaf

123 After section 43, insert—

<a>Arrest where unlawfully at large

- (1) The Prisons (Scotland) Act 1989 is amended as follows.
- (2) In section 40—
 - (a) in subsection (1), after the word "required" there is inserted "or liable",
 - (b) in subsection (4), for the words "For the purposes of this section, a" there is substituted "A",

and the title of section 40 becomes "Arrest of and rules for absent prisoners".

- (3) In section 40A—
 - (a) in subsection (1), after the word "application" there is inserted "by a constable",
 - (b) after subsection (1) there is inserted—
 - "(1A) A warrant for a person's arrest under this section confers power on a constable, using such force as the constable considers necessary, to enter and search any premises or other places specified in the warrant.".
- (4) The Custodial Sentences and Weapons (Scotland) Act 2007 is amended as follows.
- (5) In paragraph 4 of schedule 6, in the provision numbered as if inserted as section 9C(4) of the Prisoners and Criminal Proceedings (Scotland) Act 1993, the words "for the purposes of section 40 of the Prisons (Scotland) Act 1989 (c.45) (persons unlawfully at large)" are repealed.>

Preparing prisoner for release

Daniel Johnson

After section 43, insert—

<Provision for prisoners upon release</p>

- (1) The 1993 Act is amended as follows.
- (2) After section 26C, there is inserted—

"26CA Duty to prepare prisoners for release

- (1) Where a prisoner is to be released by the Scottish Ministers, they must ensure that, prior to the day on which the prisoner would fall to be released, they have complied with the duties mentioned in subsection (2).
- (2) The duties are—
 - (a) to ensure that the prisoner is registered with a general medical practitioner,
 - (b) to provide the prisoner with a correspondence address,
 - (c) to ensure that the prisoner possesses a type of identification mentioned in subsection (3).
- (3) For the purposes of this section, "a type of identification" means a full or provisional driving licence (to be understood in accordance with Part III of the Road Traffic Act 1988).
- (4) The Scottish Ministers may by regulations make such modification to provisions of this section as they consider appropriate.".>

Daniel Johnson

65 After section 43, insert—

<Provision of general medical practitioner for prisoners upon release</p>

- (1) The 1993 Act is amended as follows.
- (2) After section 26C, there is inserted—

"26CB Duty to provide general medical practitioner upon release

- (1) Where a prisoner is to be released by the Scottish Ministers, they must ensure that, prior to the day on which the prisoner would fall to be released, they have complied with the duty mentioned in subsection (2).
- (2) The duty is to ensure that the prisoner is registered with a general medical practitioner.
- (3) The Scottish Ministers may by regulations make such modification to provisions of this section as they consider appropriate.".>

Daniel Johnson

66 After section 43, insert—

<Provision of correspondence address for prisoners upon release</p>

- (1) The 1993 Act is amended as follows.
- (2) After section 26C, there is inserted—

"26CC Duty to provide correspondence address for prisoners upon release

- (1) Where a prisoner is to be released by the Scottish Ministers, they must ensure that, prior to the day on which the prisoner would fall to be released, they have complied with the duty mentioned in subsection (2).
- (2) The duty is to provide the prisoner with a correspondence address.
- (3) The Scottish Ministers may by regulations make such modification to provisions of this section as they consider appropriate.".>

Daniel Johnson

67 After section 43, insert—

<Provision of identification for prisoners upon release</p>

- (1) The 1993 Act is amended as follows.
- (2) After section 26C, there is inserted—

"26CD Duty to provide identification for prisoners for release

- (1) Where a prisoner is to be released by the Scottish Ministers, they must ensure that, prior to the day on which the prisoner would fall to be released, they have complied with the duty mentioned in subsection (2).
- (2) The duty is to ensure that the prisoner possesses a type of identification mentioned in subsection (3).
- (3) For the purposes of this section, "a type of identification" means a full or provisional driving licence (to be understood in accordance with Part III of the Road Traffic Act 1988).
- (4) The Scottish Ministers may by regulations make such modification to provisions of this section as they consider appropriate.".>

Daniel Johnson

129 After section 43, insert—

<Duty to take steps to ensure released prisoner has suitable means of financial support</p>

- (1) The 1993 Act is amended as follows.
- (2) After section 26C, there is inserted—

"26CE Duty to take steps to ensure released prisoner has suitable means of financial support

- (1) Where a prisoner is to be released by the Scottish Ministers, they must ensure that, prior to the day on which the prisoner would fall to be released, they have provided support to the prisoner to find and secure suitable employment on release.
- (2) Where, despite subsection (1)—
 - (a) a prisoner has not secured suitable employment on release, or
 - (b) the expected earnings from the prisoner's employment are not sufficient to provide a suitable means of financial support,

the Scottish Ministers must take other appropriate steps to ensure that the prisoner has a suitable means of financial support on release.

- (3) Examples of other appropriate steps for the purposes of complying with the duty in subsection (2) include but are not limited to assisting the prisoner to—
 - (a) make a claim for universal credit under Part 1 of the Welfare Reform Act 2012,
 - (b) make a claim, or to make arrangements to re-establish receipt of, any other social security benefit or tax credit to which the prisoner may be entitled under—
 - (i) the Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992,
 - (ii) the Jobseekers Act 1995,
 - (iii) the Tax Credits Act 2002,
 - (iv) the Welfare Reform Act 2012.
- (4) In this section, "suitable means of financial support" means a source of funds sufficient to ensure an adequate standard of maintenance and accommodation for the prisoner and any dependants of the prisoner.
- (5) The Scottish Ministers may by regulations make such modifications to provisions of this section as they consider appropriate.".>

FAI where death caused by person subject to a curfew condition

Neil Bibby

Supported by: Liam Kerr

71 After section 47, insert—

<PART

DEATH CAUSED BY PERSON SUBJECT TO A CURFEW CONDITION

Death caused by person subject to a curfew condition

Death caused by person subject to a curfew condition

- (1) This section applies where a person is subject to a curfew condition as provided for in section 12AA(1)(b) of the Prisoners and Criminal Proceedings (Scotland) Act 1993 (which relates to release on licence under section 3AA of that Act).
- (2) Where a person mentioned in subsection (1) is found to have caused the death of an individual whilst the person is subject to such a curfew condition, an inquiry must be held under section 2 of the Inquiries into Fatal Accidents and Sudden Deaths etc. (Scotland) Act 2016 into the events that led to the death.
- (3) This section applies where the death occurs on or after 15 January 2016.> Liam Kerr
- As an amendment to amendment 71, line 6, leave out from <subject> to end of line 8 and insert <released on licence under section 3AA of the Prisoners and Criminal Proceedings (Scotland) Act 1993.>

Neil Bibby

Supported by: Liam Kerr

72 In section 49, page 29, line 26, at end insert—

<(za) section (Death caused by person subject to a curfew condition),>

Assessment of risk posed by offenders

Liam Kerr

75 After section 47, insert—

<PART

RISK ASSESSMENT OF OFFENDERS

Risk assessment tool

Risk assessment tool

- (1) Not later than 6 months after the date on which this section comes into force, the Scottish Ministers must develop a tool to assess the risk posed by offenders after release from prison (the "risk assessment tool").
- (2) The purpose of the risk assessment tool is to assess the risk of an offender being at liberty to the safety of the public at large.
- (3) The risk assessment tool must include guidance on how to assess—
 - (a) risk posed by the offender to individuals or the public at large,
 - (b) the likelihood of the offender reoffending when at liberty,
 - (c) the capacity of bodies responsible for monitoring the offender whilst at liberty to carry out that monitoring effectively.
- (4) In developing the risk assessment tool, the Scottish Ministers must consult—
 - (a) the Scottish Courts and Tribunals Service,
 - (b) the Parole Board,
 - (c) the Police Service of Scotland,
 - (d) a relevant local authority (in the exercise of any of its social work services functions),
 - (e) the Risk Management Authority.
- (5) When disposing of a case in respect of an offender wholly or partly as mentioned in the list in section 3(2), a court must have regard to the risk assessment tool.
- (6) Not later than 2 years after the date on which this section comes into force, the Scottish Ministers must publish and lay before the Parliament a report on the operation of the risk assessment tool.>

Daniel Johnson

134 After section 47, insert—

<PART

RISK ASSESSMENT OF PRISONERS

Risk assessment of prisoners

Risk assessment of prisoners

- (1) Not later than 6 months after the date on which this section comes into force, the Scottish Ministers must make an assessment of the risk posed by a prisoner after release from prison.
- (2) In carrying out an assessment under subsection (1), the Scottish Ministers must assess the risk to the safety of the public at large of a prisoner being released on licence under section 3AA of the Prisoners and Criminal Proceedings (Scotland) Act 1993 (further powers to release prisoners).
- (3) The Scottish Ministers must by regulations make further provision about how they will make an assessment under subsection (1).
- (4) A risk assessment carried out subsection (1) must have regard to information provided under section (*Duty to share information before releasing a prisoner on licence*).
- (5) Not later than 5 years after the date on which this section comes into force, the Scottish Ministers must review how it carries out assessments under subsection (1).
- (6) The Scottish Ministers must publish and lay before the Parliament a report on a review under subsection (5).>

Home detention curfew: evaluation etc.

Margaret Mitchell

130 After section 47, insert—

<PART

MONITORING AND EVALUATION OF HOME DETENTION CURFEW CONDITIONS

Monitoring and evaluation of home detention curfew conditions

- (1) This section applies where a person is subject to a curfew condition as provided for in section 12AA(1)(b) of the Prisoners and Criminal Proceedings (Scotland) Act 1993 (which relates to release on licence under section 3AA of that Act).
- (2) The Scottish Ministers must monitor compliance with—
 - (a) the curfew condition, and
 - (b) any additional condition imposed by the Scottish Ministers as part of the licence on the person mentioned in subsection (1).
- (3) Where a condition mentioned in subsection (2) has not been complied with, the Scottish Ministers may revoke the licence and return the person to prison.
- (4) Not later than 6 months after the date on which this section comes into force, the Scottish Ministers must publish and lay before the Parliament guidance on monitoring compliance with the conditions mentioned in subsection (2).

- (5) Guidance published under subsection (4) must be kept under review by the Scottish Ministers.
- (6) In preparing and reviewing guidance under subsections (4) and (5), the Scottish Ministers must consult—
 - (a) the Scottish Courts and Tribunals Service,
 - (b) the Parole Board,
 - (c) the Police Service of Scotland,
 - (d) relevant local authorities (in the exercise of any of their social work services functions),
 - (e) the Risk Management Authority.>

Restriction of liberty orders

Margaret Mitchell

133 After section 47, insert—

<PART

RESTRICTION OF LIBERTY ORDERS

Restriction of liberty orders

Restriction of liberty orders

- (1) The Criminal Procedure (Scotland) Act 1995 is amended as follows.
- (2) After subsection (8)(c) of section 245A, there is inserted—
 - "(d) specific places (for example, the offender's former home, the offender's child's school or the offender's partner's or ex-partner's workplace) and named locations or areas which may be specified under subsection (2)(b).".>

Commencement provisions

Liam Kerr

- 76 In section 49, page 29, line 30, at end insert—
 - <(2A) Regulations under subsection (2) are subject to the affirmative procedure.
 - (2B) The Scottish Ministers may not lay before the Parliament regulations under subsection (2) until the end of the period of one month beginning with the day on which they comply with subsection (2C).
 - (2C) The Scottish Ministers must lay before the Parliament a report setting out why they consider that there are sufficient resources in place for the other provisions of this Act to come into force.>

Daniel Johnson

- **76A** As an amendment to amendment 76, line 8, at end insert—
 - <() In preparing a report under subsection (2C), the Scottish Ministers must make an assessment of the impact of the other provisions of this Act on—
 - (a) the Scottish Courts and Tribunals Service,
 - (b) the Police Service of Scotland,
 - (c) relevant local authorities (in the exercise of any of their social work services functions),
 - (d) the Scottish Ministers (in respect of their powers with regard to the provision of prisons).>

Liam Kerr

- 80 In section 49, page 29, line 30, at end insert—
 - <(2A) The Scottish Ministers may not lay before the Parliament regulations under subsection (2) until the end of the period of one month beginning with the day on which the condition in subsection (2B) is met.
 - (2B) The condition is that the Statistics Board must have produced and published Scottish devolved statistics under Part 1 of the Statistics and Registration Service Act 2007 showing that the proportion of completions for community payback orders (imposed by virtue of section 227A of the Criminal Procedure (Scotland) Act 1995) for the most recent one-year period is at least 80%.>

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